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| **Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)** | | | | |
| **Lockout/Tagout Program**  **(Control of Hazardous Energy)** | | | | |
| **SOP No.** | MG-0007 | | **Revision:** | 1 |
| **Department:** | Facilities Management | | **Date:** | 12/15/2017 |
| **Dept. Head Approval:** | | Keith Lawrence 12/19/17 | | |
| **Director Approval:** | | Daniel Olthaus 12/15/17 | | |

**Purpose:**

The purpose of this SOP is to establish procedures for the lockout/tag out of energy isolating devices whenever maintenance or servicing is done on machines or equipment by Facilities Management employees. This procedure shall be used to ensure that the machine or equipment is stopped, isolated from all potentially hazardous energy sources, and locked out before employees perform any servicing or maintenance where the unexpected energizing or start-up of the machine or equipment or release of stored energy could cause injury.

While part of the Universities LOTO Program this SOP is specific to Facilities Management (FM) and not a University wide policy.

**References**:

1. OSHA ***29 CFR part 1910.147, 1910.331-335, 1910.399***

**Responsibility**

1. The following people are responsible for following this SOP.
   1. All Facilities Management Authorized Employees and Supervisors
   2. All West Virginia University Affected Employees

**Scope**

This SOP outlines the purpose, authorization, rules, responsibilities, and techniques to be followed by Facilities Management employees to guard against the unexpected energizing, start-up, or release of stored energy that could cause injury. Supervisors shall ensure that employees under their supervision receive training in the contents of this SOP and ensure compliance with the SOP contents.

This SOP does not apply to work on cord and plug connected electrical equipment where exposure to the hazards of unexpected energization or start-up of the equipment is controlled by the unplugging of the equipment from the energy source and by the plug being under the exclusive control of the employee performing the servicing or maintenance.

**Definitions**

The following definitions are included in this SOP to ensure all employees know and understand the meaning and concept of the terms as they apply to this SOP. All definitions are consistent with ***OSHA 29 CFR part 1910.147*** (found in Appendix E)and can be used as a reference by all employees.

**Affected Employees** are persons whose job requires him/her to operate or use a machine or equipment on which servicing or maintenance is being performed under lockout or tag out, or whose job requires him/her to work in an area in which such servicing or maintenance is being performed. The affected employees for the West Virginia University Lockout/Tagout Program are those employees who meet above guidelines.

**Authorized Employees** are persons who physically lock out or tag out machines or equipment in order for servicing or maintenance to be performed. The authorized employees for the West Virginia University Lockout/Tagout Program are designated by departmental supervisors who have verified that the employee has received Lockout/Tagout training. All authorized employees are responsible for implementing a lockout procedure, which meets the minimum requirements established by the West Virginia University and ***OSHA 29 CFR part 1910.147***.

**Capable of Being Locked Out** means an energy-isolating device that has a hasp or other means of attachment to which or through which, a lock can be affixed, or it has a locking mechanism built into it. Other energy isolating devices are capable of being locked out if lockout can be achieved without the need to dismantle, rebuild, or replace the energy-isolating device or permanently alter its energy control capability.

**Energy Isolating Device** is a mechanical device that physically prevents the transmission or release of energy, including but not limited to the following: A manually operated switch by which the conductors of a circuit can be disconnected from all ungrounded supply conductors and, in addition, no pole can be operated independently; a line valve; a block; and any similar device used to block or isolate energy. Push buttons, selector switches, and other control circuit devices are not energy isolating devices.

**Energy Source** is any source of electrical, mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic, chemical, thermal, or other energy.

**Hot Tap** is a procedure used in the repair, maintenance and services activities, which involves welding on a piece of equipment (pipelines, vessels, or tanks) under pressure, in order to install connections or appurtenances. It is commonly used to replace or add sections of pipeline without the interruption of service for air, gas, water, steam, and petrochemical distribution systems.

**Lockout** is the placement of a lockout device on an energy-isolating device, in accordance with an established procedure, ensuring that the energy isolating device and the equipment being controlled cannot be operated until the lockout device is removed.

**Lockout Device** is a device that utilizes a positive means such as a lock, either key or combination type, to hold an energy-isolating device in the safe position and prevent the energizing of a machine or equipment. Included are blank flanges and bolted slip blinds.

**Normal Production Operations** is the utilization of a machine or piece of equipment to perform its intended production function.

**Servicing and/or Maintenance** is workplace activities such as constructing, installing, setting up, adjusting, inspecting, modifying, and maintaining and/or servicing machines or equipment. These activities include lubrication, cleaning or unjamming of machines or equipment and making adjustments or tool changes, where the employee may be exposed to the unexpected energization or start-up of the equipment or release of hazardous energy.

**Setting Up** is any work performed to prepare a machine or equipment to perform its normal production operation.

**Tagout** is the placement of a tag out device on an energy-isolating device, in accordance with an established procedure, to indicate that the energy isolating device and the equipment being controlled may not be operated until the tag out device is removed.

**Procedure**

**I. AUTHORIZATION**

An **authorized employee** is a person who physically locks out or tags out machines or equipment for servicing or and who has been properly trained in all lockout/tag out procedures.

The authorized employees for the West Virginia University Lockout/Tagout Program are designated by departmental supervisors.

An **affected employee** is an individual whose job requires him/her to operate or use a machine or equipment on which servicing or maintenance is being performed under lockout or tag out, or whose job requires him/her to work in an area in which such servicing or maintenance is being performed.

An affected employee becomes an authorized employee when that employee's duties include performing servicing or maintenance and they have received the required Lockout/Tagout training.

**II. BASIC RULES**

An audit of the Facilities Management lockout procedure will be completed annually using Appendix C to ensure that the procedures and requirements of this SOP are being followed. This audit will be assigned to an appropriate manager by the Director. This process will be documented by identifying the machines and equipment checked, the employees audited, the departmental files reviewed, and the date and the name of the person performing the audit. A copy of the audit forms will be maintained by the Operations Manager.

The Operations Manager will track all lockout/tagouts being utilized on equipment in their area on the Open Lockout/Tagout Form ( Appendix D). This form and the associated Appendix A and Appendix B forms will be reviewed by the Assistant Director at the end of each month. Any open Lockout/Tagout at the end of the month will be transferred to the new month’s list.

If an energy-isolating device is capable of being locked out, the authorized employee shall utilize lockout.

When a tag out device is used on an energy isolating device which is capable of being locked out, the tag out device shall be attached at the same location that the lockout device would have been attached, and the employer shall demonstrate that the tag out program will provide a level of safety equivalent to that obtained by using a lockout program.

Lockout/tag out devices used for the implementation of this program shall be standardized, singularly identified, and not used for any other purpose. Tagout device attachment means shall be of a non-reusable type, self-locking with a minimum unlocking strength of no less than 50 pounds. Additional means to be considered as part of the demonstration of full employee protection shall include the implementation of additional safety measures such as the removal of an isolating circuit element, blocking of a controlling switch, opening of an extra disconnecting device, or the removal of a valve handle to reduce the likelihood of inadvertent energization.

Locks, tags and any other equipment required for energy control (chains, blocks, pins, hasps, etc.) will be provided by West Virginia University.

Only University electricians will service electrical circuits unless specifically authorized by the Electrical Operations Manager. Lockouts of such circuits will only be performed in the presence of and with authorization of the Electrical Shop.

Live electrical circuits, to which an Authorized Employee may be exposed while working on machinery or equipment, shall be de-energized and locked out according to the requirements of this procedure.

The Director will verify that de-energizing circuits will not create additional or increased hazards or it is infeasible due to equipment design or operational limitations [consistent with OSHA 29 CFR part 1910.333 (found in Appendix E)].

Approval must be obtained from the Director of Facilities Maintenance prior to any work on energized circuits.

Only those employees who have the training, knowledge, and skills necessary to distinguish energized parts, determine nominal voltage, and understand electrical safe working clearances and have received lockout/tag out training, are authorized to work on exposed energized parts.

If the exposed live parts cannot be de-energized, other electrical safety related work practices shall be followed, such as specific personal protective equipment, safe working clearances, and use of non-conductive tools.

**III. COMPLIANCE**

All Facilities Management employees are required to comply with the restrictions and limitations imposed upon them during the use of lockout or tag out. Upon observing a machine or piece of equipment, which is locked out or tagged for servicing or maintenance, employees shall not attempt to start, energize, or use that machine or equipment. Failure to comply with the restrictions and limitations of the lockout/tag out Program could result in disciplinary actions up to and including immediate termination of employment from West Virginia University.

**IV. PRE-LOCKOUT EVALUATION**

A pre-lockout evaluation will be conducted by Facilities Management authorized employees on any machine or piece of equipment, which needs maintenance, service, or repair. Upon completion, the pre-lockout evaluation form (found in Appendix A) will be kept on file by the designated Facilities Management supervisor if a Lockout/Tagout procedure is required.

Following the pre-lock out evaluation, the lock out procedure (Appendix B) need not be documented for a particular machine or piece of equipment, when **ALL** of the following elements exist:

1. The machine or equipment has no potential for stored or residual energy or re-accumulation of stored energy after shut down which could endanger employees.
2. The machine or equipment has a single energy source that can be readily identified and isolated.
3. The isolation and locking out of that energy source will completely de-energize and deactivate the machine or equipment.
4. The machine or equipment is isolated from that energy source and locked out during servicing or maintenance.
5. A single lockout device will achieve a locked out condition.
6. The lockout device is under the exclusive control of the authorized employee performing the servicing or maintenance.
7. The servicing or maintenance does not create hazards for other employees.
8. There have been no accidents involving the unexpected activation or re-energization of the machine or equipment during servicing or maintenance.

**V. LOCKOUT PROCEDURES**

Only Facilities Management authorized employees shall perform implementation of the lockout or tag out program. The application of lockout/tag out shall be done in the following sequence using the “Lockout/Tagout and Shutdown Procedure” (found in Appendix B):

1. **Preparation for shutdown:** The Facilities Management authorized employee shall refer to information located in departmental files, drawings, or manufacturers’ equipment manuals to identify the type and magnitude of the energy that the machine or equipment utilizes; shall understand the hazards of the energy; and shall know the methods to control the energy.
2. **Notification:** All affected employees shall be informed that servicing or maintenance is required on a machine or piece of equipment and that the machine or equipment must be shut down and locked out to perform the servicing or maintenance.
3. **Machine or equipment shutdown:** If the machine or equipment is operating, an orderly shutdown must be utilized to avoid any additional or increased hazard(s) to employees because of de-energization.
4. **Machine or equipment isolation:** Physically locate and de-activate the energy isolating device(s) so that the machine or equipment is isolated from the energy source(s).
5. **Lockout/tag out device application:** Each authorized employee shall affix lockout or tag out devices to each energy-isolating device. Lockout devices shall be affixed in a manner that will hold the energy in a “safe” or “off” position. Tagout devices shall be affixed in such a manner as will clearly indicate that the operation or movement of energy isolating devices from the ‘Safe” or “off” position is prohibited.
6. **Stored Energy:** Stored or residual energy (such as that in capacitors, springs, elevated machine members, rotating flywheels, hydraulic systems, and air, gas, steam or water pressure, etc.) must be dissipated or restrained by methods such as grounding, repositioning, bleeding down, blocking etc.
7. **Verification of isolation:** Ensure that the equipment is disconnected from the energy source(s) by first checking that no personnel are exposed, and then verify the isolation of the equipment by operating the push button or other normal operating control(s).

**//// CAUTION ////**

**Return operating control(s) to "NEUTRAL" or "OFF" position after verifying the isolation of the equipment.**

**VI. RELEASE FROM LOCKOUT OR TAGOUT**

When the servicing or maintenance is completed and the machine or equipment is ready to return to normal operating condition, the following steps shall be taken:

1. Inspect the surrounding area. Notify others in the area that the machinery/equipment is about to be made operational and returned to service.

2. Check the machine or equipment and the immediate area around the machine to ensure that nonessential items have been removed and that the machine or equipment components are operationally intact.

3. Check the work area to ensure that all employees have been safely positioned or removed from the area.

4. Verify that the controls are in neutral.

5. Remove the lockout devices and reenergize the machine or equipment.

Note: The removal of some forms of blocking may require re-energization of the machine before safe removal.

6. Notify affected employees that the servicing or maintenance is completed and the machine or equipment is ready for use.

\_\_\_\_\_7. Record total number of LOTO Devices removed\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Note: A lock and tag combination should be counted as a single device)

**VII. TESTING OF EQUIPMENT**

In situations where energy-neutralizing devices are locked out and there is need to test or position the equipment, these procedures will be followed:

1. Clear all personnel to safety.
2. Clear away tools and materials from equipment.
3. Remove lockout devices and re-energize the controls, following the established safety procedures.
4. Proceed with try out or testing of equipment.
5. Neutralize all energy sources once again; purge all systems and re-lockout prior to continuing work.

**VIII. GROUP LOCKOUT OR TAGOUT**

When a crew or department performs servicing and/or maintenance, they shall utilize a procedure that affords the employees a level of protection equivalent to that provided by the implementation of a personal lockout or tag out device. This shall be accomplished by:

* The application of a multi-lock accepting device by the primary authorized employee to the energy-isolating device.
* Each authorized employee shall affix a personal lockout or tag out device when they begin work, and shall remove those devices when they stop working on the machine or equipment.
* The primary authorized employee will remove his/her lock and the multi-lock accepting device when all service or maintenance has been completed.

**IX. NEW MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT**

All new machinery and equipment shall incorporate provisions for lockout. Equipment mounted disconnects are recommended. All valves used to hold equipment out of service or for sectionalizing lines should be designed to enable lockout. Bleeder valves should be installed where dissipation of pressure, draining lines, purging, or similar activities are required. All equipment which is extensively modified or which undergoes major repair shall be fitted with energy isolating devices.

**X. LOCKOUT CONTINUITY DURING SHIFT CHANGES**

To ensure continuity of lockout protection in the event that a problem arises after the standard 7:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. shift, the following procedures shall be followed:

1. If the piece of equipment is locked out at shift change, the person on the next shift must apply their lock before the employee who is leaving can remove theirs from the locking device.
2. Oncoming authorized employee(s) will recheck for the effectiveness of the lockout.

**XI. LOCK REMOVAL**

Locks or tags shall not be removed by anyone other than the authorized employee who installed it, with one exception.

If an emergency takes place that calls for re-energizing a machine or piece of equipment, the authorized employee’s supervisor may remove his/her lock or tag under the following conditions:

1. The supervisor or foreman will make every practical attempt to contact the employee whose lock and tag are in question and determine the safety involved in removing his/her lockout device(s).
2. The supervisor will conduct a lockout removal review with all affected parties. The purpose of the review is to ensure that removal of the lock will not jeopardize the safety or health of any individual.
3. When it has been determined that it is safe to do so, the employee’s supervisor or foreman may then remove the lock and tag.
4. In the event the employee was unable to be contacted, his/her supervisor shall notify him/her that his/her lock and tag has been removed upon the employees return to work and before the employee returns to the designated work area.

**XII. RECORDKEEPING**

Each Facilities Management shop will retain completed copies of the “Pre-Lockout/Tagout Evaluation Form” (Appendix A) and the “Lockout/Tagout and Shutdown Procedure” (Appendix B) for a period of two years from the date the form was completed.

**XIII. CONTRACTORS**

Whenever outside contractors are to be engaged in activities covered by the scope and application of this program, the West Virginia University representative and the outside contractor representative shall discuss hazardous energy sources involved in the work and de-energization procedures. The procedures employed by the contractor must meet the requirements established in 29CFR1910.147.

In situations where contractor and University employees will be working on the same equipment or machinery, the responsible University Project Manager will coordinate the de-energization and lockout/tag out of the appropriate devices.

**XIV. EXEMPTED EQUIPMENT AND OPERATIONS**

1. **Cord and Plug Equipment:** Cord and plug connected electrical equipment is not covered by this program, if the unexpected energizing of the equipment is controlled by the unplugging of the equipment. The plug must be under the exclusive control of the employee performing the work, such that it is within reach at all times.
2. **Hot-Tap Operations:** Hot-tapping is not covered by this program if the following conditions are met:
   1. Service continuity is essential.
   2. It is impractical to shut the service down.
   3. There are documented procedures that ensure effective employee protection and those procedures are followed.
   4. Special equipment, if necessary, is used.

**XV. EMPLOYEE TRAINING**

All Facilities Management **authorized employees** must be knowledgeable and understand the hazards associated with the unexpected release of energy by machines, equipment, pipelines, and electrical circuits. WVU EH&S will train all Facilities Management on OSHA LOTO Program requirements.

Training for authorized employees shall include:

1. Recognition of hazardous energy sources.
2. Identification of the types and magnitude of energy sources in the workplace.
3. Explanation of the methods and means for isolation and control of hazardous energy.

In addition, each Facilities Management Shop will be responsible to conduct On the Job Training specific to this procedure, (OTJ), for authorized employees that shall include:

1. Recognition of hazardous energy sources.

2. Identification of the types and magnitude of energy sources in the workplace.

3. Explanation of the methods and means for isolation and control of hazardous energy.

4. Proper methods for filling out forms and administrative requirements of this procedure.

**Affected employees** shall be instructed on the purpose and use of the lockout/tag out procedures.

WVU EH&S shall train affected employees working in an energy-control area of the lockout/tag out procedures, but not their use; and shall inform these other employees of prohibitions on tampering with energy isolating devices.

1. Tags are not to be removed, bypassed, ignored, or otherwise invalidated without proper authorization.

Employee refresher training shall take place annually.

Employee retraining will take place whenever there is a change in job assignments or a change in equipment, machines, or processes that presents a new hazard. Retraining will also be conducted when program audits indicate non-compliance or a lack of knowledge about the program.

**APPENDIX A**

**WVU Facilities Management**

**PRE-LOCKOUT/TAGOUT EVALUATION FORM**

Where work on machinery or equipment containing hazardous energy must be performed, this evaluation form must be filled out. The completed form will be turned into the appropriate manager upon completion of the work.

Equipment/Machine Involved: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Building /Location/Room: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Circle all hazardous energy sources that are present and identify the number of the energy isolating devices for each:

Electrical [ ] Mechanical [ ] Hydraulic/Pneumatic [ ] Chemical [ ] Thermal [ ] Gravitational [ ] Other\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ [ ]

(Specify)

Specifically identify the locations of all energy isolating devices (if necessary sketches may be included on the back or on a separate sheet.) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Can each energy isolating device be locked in the “OFF” or “NEUTRAL” position? Yes / No

If No explain; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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If the energy isolating devices cannot be locked in the "OFF" or "NEUTRAL" position, can they

be altered to accommodate the locks? Yes / No \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Will tag outs have to be used? Yes / No If Yes, where? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Describe procedures to assure that the machine or equipment is in a “Zero Energy State.” \_\_\_\_\_\_

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Appendix B is **NOT** required in instances where all the following elements exit:

1. The machine or equipment has no potential for stored or residual energy or re-accumulation of

stored energy after shut down which could endanger employees.

1. The machine or equipment has a single energy source that can be readily identified and isolated.
2. The isolation and locking out of that energy source will completely de-energize and deactivate the machine or equipment.
3. The machine or equipment is isolated from that energy source and locked out during servicing or maintenance.
4. A single lockout device will achieve a locked out condition.
5. The lockout device is under the exclusive control of the authorized employee performing the servicing or maintenance.
6. The servicing or maintenance does not create hazards for other employees.
7. There have been no accidents involving the unexpected activation or re-energization of the machine or equipment during servicing or maintenance.

Completed By: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Time:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(Facilities Management Authorized Employee)

(After completion of work, this form will be kept in the Operations Managers office.)

**APPENDIX B**

## **WVU Facilities Management Lockout- Tagout Procedure**

**PURPOSE:**

* This procedure establishes the minimum requirements necessary to protect employees from injury caused by the unexpected energization, start up, or release of stored energy during service or maintenance.
* Use this procedure to make sure the machine or equipment is stopped, isolated from all potentially hazardous energy sources, and locked out before any employee begins work.

**AUTHORIZATION:**

* Only Authorized Employees are authorized to lock out machines or equipment using this procedure:

**Authorized Employees** are persons who physically lock out or tag out the machine or equipment in order for servicing or maintenance to be performed. The authorized employees for the West Virginia University Lockout/Tagout Program are designated by departmental supervisors who have verified that the employee has received Lockout/Tagout training. All authorized employees are responsible for implementing a lockout procedure, which meets the minimum requirements established by the West Virginia University and ***OSHA 29 CFR part 1910.147***.

**COMPLIANCE WITH THIS PROGRAM:**

* All West Virginia University employees are required to comply with the restrictions and limitations imposed upon them during the use of lockout.
* Authorized employees will perform lockout- tagout as described in this procedure.
* No employee will attempt to start, energize or use any machine or equipment that is locked out.
* Failure to comply with this procedure could result in disciplinary actions up to and including immediate termination of employment from West Virginia University.

**INTENDED USE:**

* This procedure will be used for the following service or maintenance actions:

*(List the service and maintenance activities that require using the procedure and applicable Work Order#)*

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Work Order#\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**SPECIFIC PROCEDURAL STEPS:**

**Step 1**: The Facilities Management authorized employee will identify the type and magnitude of the energy that the machine or equipment uses, understand the hazards of the energy, and the methods to control the energy before using this procedure.

### (List the type and magnitude of the energy, its hazards, and the methods to control the energy. Examples of energy include Electrical, Pneumatic, Hydraulic, Chemical, Thermal, Mechanical, and Gravitational)

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**Step 2:** Notify all affected employees that the machine or equipment is to be shut down and locked out for service or maintenance.

#### (List the names or job titles of affected employees and how to notify them.)

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**Step 3:** Shut down the machine or equipment by the normal stopping procedure (such as depressing a stop button, opening switches, or closing valves).

(List types and locations of machine or equipment operating controls.)

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**Step 4:** Completely isolate the machine or equipment from its energy sources by using the appropriate energy-isolating devices.

(List types, and locations of energy isolating devices.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ENERGY SOURCE** | **LOCATION** | **Lockable**  **Yes No** | | **Type lock or block needed** |
|  |  |  |  |  |
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**SPECIFIC PROCEDURAL STEPS: (continued)**

**Step 5**: Lock out the energy isolating devices with assigned individual locks.

(List the number of lock out devices applied, ensure that the lock out device displays the identity of the individual applying the device(s))

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**Step 6:** Dissipate or restrain stored and residual energy, such as that in capacitors, springs, elevated machine members, rotating flywheels, hydraulic systems, and air, gas, steam, or water pressure, using methods such as grounding, repositioning, blocking, or bleeding down.

(List the types of stored and residual energy and the methods to dissipate or restrain them.)

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(List any actions necessary to prevent stored energy from re-accumulating to a hazardous level.)

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**Step 7:** Make sure the equipment is disconnected from the energy sources and stored and residual energy has been made safe. Check that no personnel are exposed, then verify the isolation of the equipment by doing the following:

(List the method of verifying machine or equipment isolation, such as operating the push button or other normal operating controls or by testing to make certain the equipment will not operate.)

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**CAUTION*:*** Return the operating controls to the **safe, neutral**, or **off** position, after verifying the equipment is isolated from its energy sources.

## **THE MACHINE OR EQUIPMENT IS NOW LOCKED OUT**

Completed By: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(Facilities Management Authorized Employee)

## **SPECIFIC PROCEDURAL STEPS: (continued)**

## **RESTORING THE MACHINE OR EQUIPMENT TO SERVICE:**

When the servicing or maintenance is completed and the machine or equipment is ready to return to normal operating condition, the following steps shall be taken:

1. Inspect the surrounding area. Notify others in the area that the machinery/equipment is about to be made operational and returned to service.

2. Check the machine or equipment and the immediate area around the machine to ensure that nonessential items have been removed and that the machine or equipment components are operationally intact.

3. Check the work area to ensure that all employees have been safely positioned or removed from the area.

4. Verify that the controls are in neutral.

5. Remove the lockout devices and reenergize the machine or equipment.

Note: The removal of some forms of blocking may require re-energization of the machine before safe removal.

6. Notify affected employees that the servicing or maintenance is completed and the machine or equipment is ready for use.

\_\_\_\_\_7. Record total number of LOTO Devices removed\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Verify the number of devices removed matches the # of devices placed in Step # 5 of this LOTO procedure. (Note: A lock and tag combination should be counted as a single device)

Completed By: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(Facilities Management Authorized Employee)

(After completion of work, this form will be kept in the Operations Managers office.)

**APPENDIX C**

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| --- |
| **LOCKOUT / TAGOUT**  **Annual Procedure Inspection Certification Form**  Inspection Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Shop:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  LOTO Procedure Inspected (identify machine/equipment/process) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Authorized Employee(s) Audited \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Ensure the Following Steps are Taken to Lock/Tag Out the Machine/Equipment (explain any deficiencies)   Shutdown Preparation (employee familiar w/ procedure, equipment, energy sources)  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Inform All Affected Employees \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Turn Off Machine/Equipment \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Locate / Isolate Energy-Control Device(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Apply Lockout and/or Tagout Device(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Potential stored/residual energy relieved/disconnected/restrained/rendered safe \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Test/Verify Control(s) Disabled \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Return Control(s) to Off / Safe Position \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Begin Service/Maintenance \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Ensure the Following Steps Taken to Restore Energy to Machine/Equipment (explain any deficiencies)   Area/Equipment Cleared of Workers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Area Cleared of Tools / Materials \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Machine Guards Re-installed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Lockout/Tagout Devices Removed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Restore Power \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Conduct "Trial Run" \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Notify Affected Employees Lockout/Tagout Completed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Ensure each Authorized Employee Affixes / Removes Personal Lock(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Ensure each Lock and/or Tag Used Properly Identifies the Worker Using It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Ensure all Locks and/or Tags in Use are Standardized in Either Size/Shape/Color \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Corrective Action(s) Taken (if applicable) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Name of Inspector \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  (Completed form to be retained by Operations Manager) |

**APPENDIX D**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | Open Lock Out / Tag Out Form | | | |  |
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| **Shop** |  |  | **Month / Year** |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Name** |  |  | **Signature** |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date | Building | Equipment | # of Locks/Tags |  | App. A | App. B |
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|  | On the first Monday of each month: | |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1. Copy all open items to a new blank form for the new month. | | |  |  |  |
|  | 2. Submit this form to your Assistant Director with originals of Appendix A and B for Review. | | | | |  |
|  | 3. File Appendix A and B for a minimum of 2 years. | |  |  |  |  |
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**APPENDIX E**

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| [Regulations (Standards - 29 CFR) - Table of Contents](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owasrch.search_form?p_doc_type=STANDARDS&p_toc_level=0&p_keyvalue=) |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| • Part Number: | 1910 |
| • Part Title: | Occupational Safety and Health Standards |
| • Subpart: | J |
| • Subpart Title: | General Environmental Controls |
| • Standard Number: | [1910.147](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147) |
| • Title: | The control of hazardous energy (lockout/tagout). |
|  |  |
| • Appendix: | [A](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owadisp.show_document?p_table=STANDARDS&p_id=9805) |
| • GPO Source: | [e-CFR](https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=65b279ee2e7530009034c1f152d451e5&tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title29/29tab_02.tpl) |

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**[1910.147(a)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(a))**

*Scope, application, and purpose—*

**[1910.147(a)(1)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(a)(1))**

*Scope*

**[1910.147(a)(1)(i)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(a)(1)(i))**

This standard covers the servicing and maintenance of machines and equipment in which the unexpected energization or start up of the machines or equipment, or release of stored energy, could harm employees. This standard establishes minimum performance requirements for the control of such hazardous energy.

**1910.147(a)(1)(ii)**

This standard does not cover the following:

**1910.147(a)(1)(ii)(A)**

Construction and agriculture employment;

**1910.147(a)(1)(ii)(B)**

Employment covered by parts 1915, 1917, and 1918 of this title;

**1910.147(a)(1)(ii)(C)**

Installations under the exclusive control of electric utilities for the purpose of power generation, transmission and distribution, including related equipment for communication or metering;

**1910.147(a)(1)(ii)(D)**

Exposure to electrical hazards from work on, near, or with conductors or equipment in electric-utilization installations, which is covered by subpart S of this part; and

**1910.147(a)(1)(ii)(E)**

Oil and gas well drilling and servicing.

**1910.147(a)(2)**

*Application*.

**1910.147(a)(2)(i)**

This standard applies to the control of energy during servicing and/or maintenance of machines and equipment.

**[1910.147(a)(2)(ii)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(a)(2)(ii))**

Normal production operations are not covered by this standard (See Subpart O of this Part). Servicing and/or maintenance which takes place during normal production operations is covered by this standard only if:

**[1910.147(a)(2)(ii)(A)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(a)(2)(ii)(A))**

An employee is required to remove or bypass a guard or other safety device; or

**[1910.147(a)(2)(ii)(B)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(a)(2)(ii)(B))**

An employee is required to place any part of his or her body into an area on a machine or piece of equipment where work is actually performed upon the material being processed (point of operation) or where an associated danger zone exists during a machine operating cycle.   
  
Note: *Exception to paragraph (a)(2)(ii):* Minor tool changes and adjustments, and other minor servicing activities, which take place during normal production operations, are not covered by this standard if they are routine, repetitive, and integral to the use of the equipment for production, provided that the work is performed using alternative measures which provide effective protection (See Subpart O of this Part).

**1910.147(a)(2)(iii)**

This standard does not apply to the following:

**[1910.147(a)(2)(iii)(A)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(a)(2)(iii)(A))**

Work on cord and plug connected electric equipment for which exposure to the hazards of unexpected energization or start up of the equipment is controlled by the unplugging of the equipment from the energy source and by the plug being under the exclusive control of the employee performing the servicing or maintenance.

**1910.147(a)(2)(iii)(B)**

Hot tap operations involving transmission and distribution systems for substances such as gas, steam, water or petroleum products when they are performed on pressurized pipelines, provided that the employer demonstrates that-

**1910.147(a)(2)(iii)(B)(1)**

continuity of service is essential;

**1910.147(a)(2)(iii)(B)(2)**

shutdown of the system is impractical; and

**1910.147(a)(2)(iii)(B)(3)**

documented procedures are followed, and special equipment is used which will provide proven effective protection for employees.

**1910.147(a)(3)**

*Purpose*.

**1910.147(a)(3)(i)**

This section requires employers to establish a program and utilize procedures for affixing appropriate lockout devices or tagout devices to energy isolating devices, and to otherwise disable machines or equipment to prevent unexpected energization, start up or release of stored energy in order to prevent injury to employees.

**[1910.147(a)(3)(ii)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(a)(3)(ii))**

When other standards in this part require the use of lockout or tagout, they shall be used and supplemented by the procedural and training requirements of this section.

**[1910.147(b)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(b))**

*Definitions applicable to this section*.   
  
*Affected employee*. An employee whose job requires him/her to operate or use a machine or equipment on which servicing or maintenance is being performed under lockout or tagout, or whose job requires him/her to work in an area in which such servicing or maintenance is being performed.   
  
*Authorized employee*. A person who locks out or tags out machines or equipment in order to perform servicing or maintenance on that machine or equipment. An affected employee becomes an authorized employee when that employee's duties include performing servicing or maintenance covered under this section.   
  
*Capable of being locked out*. An energy isolating device is capable of being locked out if it has a hasp or other means of attachment to which, or through which, a lock can be affixed, or it has a locking mechanism built into it. Other energy isolating devices are capable of being locked out, if lockout can be achieved without the need to dismantle, rebuild, or replace the energy isolating device or permanently alter its energy control capability.   
  
*Energized*. Connected to an energy source or containing residual or stored energy.   
  
*Energy isolating device*. A mechanical device that physically prevents the transmission or release of energy, including but not limited to the following: A manually operated electrical circuit breaker; a disconnect switch; a manually operated switch by which the conductors of a circuit can be disconnected from all ungrounded supply conductors, and, in addition, no pole can be operated independently; a line valve; a block; and any similar device used to block or isolate energy. Push buttons, selector switches and other control circuit type devices are not energy isolating devices.   
  
*Energy source*. Any source of electrical, mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic, chemical, thermal, or other energy.   
  
*Hot tap*. A procedure used in the repair, maintenance and services activities which involves welding on a piece of equipment (pipelines, vessels or tanks) under pressure, in order to install connections or appurtenances. it is commonly used to replace or add sections of pipeline without the interruption of service for air, gas, water, steam, and petrochemical distribution systems.   
  
*Lockout*. The placement of a lockout device on an energy isolating device, in accordance with an established procedure, ensuring that the energy isolating device and the equipment being controlled cannot be operated until the lockout device is removed.   
  
*Lockout device*. A device that utilizes a positive means such as a lock, either key or combination type, to hold an energy isolating device in the safe position and prevent the energizing of a machine or equipment. Included are blank flanges and bolted slip blinds.   
  
*Normal production operations*. The utilization of a machine or equipment to perform its intended production function.   
  
*Servicing and/or maintenance*. Workplace activities such as constructing, installing, setting up, adjusting, inspecting, modifying, and maintaining and/or servicing machines or equipment. These activities include lubrication, cleaning or unjamming of machines or equipment and making adjustments or tool changes, where the employee may be exposed to the *unexpected* energization or startup of the equipment or release of hazardous energy.   
  
*Setting up*. Any work performed to prepare a machine or equipment to perform its normal production operation.   
  
*Tagout*. The placement of a tagout device on an energy isolating device, in accordance with an established procedure, to indicate that the energy isolating device and the equipment being controlled may not be operated until the tagout device is removed.   
  
*Tagout device*. A prominent warning device, such as a tag and a means of attachment, which can be securely fastened to an energy isolating device in accordance with an established procedure, to indicate that the energy isolating device and the equipment being controlled may not be operated until the tagout device is removed.

**[1910.147(c)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c))**

*General* -

**[1910.147(c)(1)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(1))**

*Energy control program*. The employer shall establish a program consisting of energy control procedures, employee training and periodic inspections to ensure that before any employee performs any servicing or maintenance on a machine or equipment where the unexpected energizing, startup or release of stored energy could occur and cause injury, the machine or equipment shall be isolated from the energy source and rendered inoperative.

**[1910.147(c)(2)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(2))**

*Lockout/tagout*.

**1910.147(c)(2)(i)**

If an energy isolating device is not capable of being locked out, the employer's energy control program under paragraph (c)(1) of this section shall utilize a tagout system.

**1910.147(c)(2)(ii)**

If an energy isolating device is capable of being locked out, the employer's energy control program under paragraph (c)(1) of this section shall utilize lockout, unless the employer can demonstrate that the utilization of a tagout system will provide full employee protection as set forth in paragraph (c)(3) of this section.

**[1910.147(c)(2)(iii)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(2)(iii))**

After January 2, 1990, whenever replacement or major repair, renovation or modification of a machine or equipment is performed, and whenever new machines or equipment are installed, energy isolating devices for such machine or equipment shall be designed to accept a lockout device.

**[1910.147(c)(3)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(3))**

*Full employee protection*.

**1910.147(c)(3)(i)**

When a tagout device is used on an energy isolating device which is capable of being locked out, the tagout device shall be attached at the same location that the lockout device would have been attached, and the employer shall demonstrate that the tagout program will provide a level of safety equivalent to that obtained by using a lockout program.

**1910.147(c)(3)(ii)**

In demonstrating that a level of safety is achieved in the tagout program which is equivalent to the level of safety obtained by using a lockout program, the employer shall demonstrate full compliance with all tagout-related provisions of this standard together with such additional elements as are necessary to provide the equivalent safety available from the use of a lockout device. Additional means to be considered as part of the demonstration of full employee protection shall include the implementation of additional safety measures such as the removal of an isolating circuit element, blocking of a controlling switch, opening of an extra disconnecting device, or the removal of a valve handle to reduce the likelihood of inadvertent energization.

**[1910.147(c)(4)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(4))**

*Energy control procedure*.

**[1910.147(c)(4)(i)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(4)(i))**

Procedures shall be developed, documented and utilized for the control of potentially hazardous energy when employees are engaged in the activities covered by this section.   
  
Note: *Exception:* The employer need not document the required procedure for a particular machine or equipment, when all of the following elements exist: (1) The machine or equipment has no potential for stored or residual energy or reaccumulation of stored energy after shut down which could endanger employees; (2) the machine or equipment has a single energy source which can be readily identified and isolated; (3) the isolation and locking out of that energy source will completely deenergize and deactivate the machine or equipment; (4) the machine or equipment is isolated from that energy source and locked out during servicing or maintenance; (5) a single lockout device will achieve a locked-out condition; (6) the lockout device is under the exclusive control of the authorized employee performing the servicing or maintenance; (7) the servicing or maintenance does not create hazards for other employees; and (8) the employer, in utilizing this exception, has had no accidents involving the unexpected activation or reenergization of the machine or equipment during servicing or maintenance.

**[1910.147(c)(4)(ii)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(4)(ii))**

The procedures shall clearly and specifically outline the scope, purpose, authorization, rules, and techniques to be utilized for the control of hazardous energy, and the means to enforce compliance including, but not limited to, the following:

**1910.147(c)(4)(ii)(A)**

A specific statement of the intended use of the procedure;

**1910.147(c)(4)(ii)(B)**

Specific procedural steps for shutting down, isolating, blocking and securing machines or equipment to control hazardous energy;

**1910.147(c)(4)(ii)(C)**

Specific procedural steps for the placement, removal and transfer of lockout devices or tagout devices and the responsibility for them; and

**1910.147(c)(4)(ii)(D)**

Specific requirements for testing a machine or equipment to determine and verify the effectiveness of lockout devices, tagout devices, and other energy control measures.

**[1910.147(c)(5)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(5))**

*Protective materials and hardware*.

**1910.147(c)(5)(i)**

Locks, tags, chains, wedges, key blocks, adapter pins, self-locking fasteners, or other hardware shall be provided by the employer for isolating, securing or blocking of machines or equipment from energy sources.

**[1910.147(c)(5)(ii)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(5)(ii))**

Lockout devices and tagout devices shall be singularly identified; shall be the only devices(s) used for controlling energy; shall not be used for other purposes; and shall meet the following requirements:

**1910.147(c)(5)(ii)(A)**

*Durable*.

**1910.147(c)(5)(ii)(A)(1)**

Lockout and tagout devices shall be capable of withstanding the environment to which they are exposed for the maximum period of time that exposure is expected.

**1910.147(c)(5)(ii)(A)(2)**

Tagout devices shall be constructed and printed so that exposure to weather conditions or wet and damp locations will not cause the tag to deteriorate or the message on the tag to become illegible.

**1910.147(c)(5)(ii)(A)(3)**

Tags shall not deteriorate when used in corrosive environments such as areas where acid and alkali chemicals are handled and stored.

**[1910.147(c)(5)(ii)(B)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(5)(ii)(B))**

*Standardized*. Lockout and tagout devices shall be standardized within the facility in at least one of the following criteria: Color; shape; or size; and additionally, in the case of tagout devices, print and format shall be standardized.

**1910.147(c)(5)(ii)(C)**

*Substantial* -

**1910.147(c)(5)(ii)(C)(1)**

*Lockout devices*. Lockout devices shall be substantial enough to prevent removal without the use of excessive force or unusual techniques, such as with the use of bolt cutters or other metal cutting tools.

**1910.147(c)(5)(ii)(C)(2)**

*Tagout devices*. Tagout devices, including their means of attachment, shall be substantial enough to prevent inadvertent or accidental removal. Tagout device attachment means shall be of a non-reusable type, attachable by hand, self-locking, and non-releasable with a minimum unlocking strength of no less than 50 pounds and having the general design and basic characteristics of being at least equivalent to a one-piece, all environment-tolerant nylon cable tie.

**1910.147(c)(5)(ii)(D)**

*Identifiable*. Lockout devices and tagout devices shall indicate the identity of the employee applying the device(s).

**1910.147(c)(5)(iii)**

Tagout devices shall warn against hazardous conditions if the machine or equipment is energized and shall include a legend such as the following: *Do Not Start. Do Not Open. Do Not Close. Do Not Energize. Do Not Operate*.

**1910.147(c)(6)**

*Periodic inspection*.

**1910.147(c)(6)(i)**

The employer shall conduct a periodic inspection of the energy control procedure at least annually to ensure that the procedure and the requirements of this standard are being followed.

**1910.147(c)(6)(i)(A)**

The periodic inspection shall be performed by an authorized employee other than the ones(s) utilizing the energy control procedure being inspected.

**1910.147(c)(6)(i)(B)**

The periodic inspection shall be conducted to correct any deviations or inadequacies identified.

**1910.147(c)(6)(i)(C)**

Where lockout is used for energy control, the periodic inspection shall include a review, between the inspector and each authorized employee, of that employee's responsibilities under the energy control procedure being inspected.

**1910.147(c)(6)(i)(D)**

Where tagout is used for energy control, the periodic inspection shall include a review, between the inspector and each authorized and affected employee, of that employee's responsibilities under the energy control procedure being inspected, and the elements set forth in paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of this section.

**1910.147(c)(6)(ii)**

The employer shall certify that the periodic inspections have been performed. The certification shall identify the machine or equipment on which the energy control procedure was being utilized, the date of the inspection, the employees included in the inspection, and the person performing the inspection.

**[1910.147(c)(7)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(7))**

*Training and communication*.

**[1910.147(c)(7)(i)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(7)(i))**

The employer shall provide training to ensure that the purpose and function of the energy control program are understood by employees and that the knowledge and skills required for the safe application, usage, and removal of the energy controls are acquired by employees. The training shall include the following:

**1910.147(c)(7)(i)(A)**

Each authorized employee shall receive training in the recognition of applicable hazardous energy sources, the type and magnitude of the energy available in the workplace, and the methods and means necessary for energy isolation and control.

**1910.147(c)(7)(i)(B)**

Each affected employee shall be instructed in the purpose and use of the energy control procedure.

**1910.147(c)(7)(i)(C)**

All other employees whose work operations are or may be in an area where energy control procedures may be utilized, shall be instructed about the procedure, and about the prohibition relating to attempts to restart or reenergize machines or equipment which are locked out or tagged out.

**1910.147(c)(7)(ii)**

When tagout systems are used, employees shall also be trained in the following limitations of tags:

**1910.147(c)(7)(ii)(A)**

Tags are essentially warning devices affixed to energy isolating devices, and do not provide the physical restraint on those devices that is provided by a lock.

**1910.147(c)(7)(ii)(B)**

When a tag is attached to an energy isolating means, it is not to be removed without authorization of the authorized person responsible for it, and it is never to be bypassed, ignored, or otherwise defeated.

**1910.147(c)(7)(ii)(C)**

Tags must be legible and understandable by all authorized employees, affected employees, and all other employees whose work operations are or may be in the area, in order to be effective.

**1910.147(c)(7)(ii)(D)**

Tags and their means of attachment must be made of materials which will withstand the environmental conditions encountered in the workplace.

**1910.147(c)(7)(ii)(E)**

Tags may evoke a false sense of security, and their meaning needs to be understood as part of the overall energy control program.

**1910.147(c)(7)(ii)(F)**

Tags must be securely attached to energy isolating devices so that they cannot be inadvertently or accidentally detached during use.

**1910.147(c)(7)(iii)**

Employee retraining.

**[1910.147(c)(7)(iii)(A)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(7)(iii)(A))**

Retraining shall be provided for all authorized and affected employees whenever there is a change in their job assignments, a change in machines, equipment or processes that present a new hazard, or when there is a change in the energy control procedures.

**[1910.147(c)(7)(iii)(B)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(c)(7)(iii)(B))**

Additional retraining shall also be conducted whenever a periodic inspection under paragraph (c)(6) of this section reveals, or whenever the employer has reason to believe that there are deviations from or inadequacies in the employee's knowledge or use of the energy control procedures.

**1910.147(c)(7)(iii)(C)**

The retraining shall reestablish employee proficiency and introduce new or revised control methods and procedures, as necessary.

**1910.147(c)(7)(iv)**

The employer shall certify that employee training has been accomplished and is being kept up to date. The certification shall contain each employee's name and dates of training.

**1910.147(c)(8)**

*Energy isolation*. Lockout or tagout shall be performed only by the authorized employees who are performing the servicing or maintenance.

**1910.147(c)(9)**

*Notification of employees*. Affected employees shall be notified by the employer or authorized employee of the application and removal of lockout devices or tagout devices. Notification shall be given before the controls are applied, and after they are removed from the machine or equipment.

**[1910.147(d)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(d))**

*Application of control*. The established procedures for the application of energy control (the lockout or tagout procedures) shall cover the following elements and actions and shall be done in the following sequence:

**1910.147(d)(1)**

*Preparation for shutdown*. Before an authorized or affected employee turns off a machine or equipment, the authorized employee shall have knowledge of the type and magnitude of the energy, the hazards of the energy to be controlled, and the method or means to control the energy.

**1910.147(d)(2)**

*Machine or equipment shutdown*. The machine or equipment shall be turned off or shut down using the procedures established for the machine or equipment. An orderly shutdown must be utilized to avoid any additional or increased hazard(s) to employees as a result of the equipment stoppage.

**1910.147(d)(3)**

*Machine or equipment isolation*. All energy isolating devices that are needed to control the energy to the machine or equipment shall be physically located and operated in such a manner as to isolate the machine or equipment from the energy source(s).

**1910.147(d)(4)**

*Lockout or tagout device application*.

**[1910.147(d)(4)(i)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(d)(4)(i))**

Lockout or tagout devices shall be affixed to each energy isolating device by authorized employees.

**[1910.147(d)(4)(ii)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(d)(4)(ii))**

Lockout devices, where used, shall be affixed in a manner to that will hold the energy isolating devices in a "safe" or "off" position.

**1910.147(d)(4)(iii)**

Tagout devices, where used, shall be affixed in such a manner as will clearly indicate that the operation or movement of energy isolating devices from the "safe" or "off" position is prohibited.

**1910.147(d)(4)(iii)(A)**

Where tagout devices are used with energy isolating devices designed with the capability of being locked, the tag attachment shall be fastened at the same point at which the lock would have been attached.

**1910.147(d)(4)(iii)(B)**

Where a tag cannot be affixed directly to the energy isolating device, the tag shall be located as close as safely possible to the device, in a position that will be immediately obvious to anyone attempting to operate the device.

**1910.147(d)(5)**

*Stored energy*.

**1910.147(d)(5)(i)**

Following the application of lockout or tagout devices to energy isolating devices, all potentially hazardous stored or residual energy shall be relieved, disconnected, restrained, and otherwise rendered safe.

**[1910.147(d)(5)(ii)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(d)(5)(ii))**

If there is a possibility of reaccumulation of stored energy to a hazardous level, verification of isolation shall be continued until the servicing or maintenance is completed, or until the possibility of such accumulation no longer exists.

**1910.147(d)(6)**

*Verification of isolation*. Prior to starting work on machines or equipment that have been locked out or tagged out, the authorized employee shall verify that isolation and deenergization of the machine or equipment have been accomplished.

**1910.147(e)**

*Release from lockout or tagout*. Before lockout or tagout devices are removed and energy is restored to the machine or equipment, procedures shall be followed and actions taken by the authorized employee(s) to ensure the following:

**1910.147(e)(1)**

*The machine or equipment*. The work area shall be inspected to ensure that nonessential items have been removed and to ensure that machine or equipment components are operationally intact.

**1910.147(e)(2)**

*Employees*.

**1910.147(e)(2)(i)**

The work area shall be checked to ensure that all employees have been safely positioned or removed.

**1910.147(e)(2)(ii)**

After lockout or tagout devices have been removed and before a machine or equipment is started, affected employees shall be notified that the lockout or tagout device(s) have been removed.

**[1910.147(e)(3)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(e)(3))**

*Lockout or tagout devices removal*. Each lockout or tagout device shall be removed from each energy isolating device by the employee who applied the device. *Exception to paragraph (e)(3):* When the authorized employee who applied the lockout or tagout device is not available to remove it, that device may be removed under the direction of the employer, provided that specific procedures and training for such removal have been developed, documented and incorporated into the employer's energy control program. The employer shall demonstrate that the specific procedure provides equivalent safety to the removal of the device by the authorized employee who applied it. The specific procedure shall include at least the following elements:

**1910.147(e)(3)(i)**

Verification by the employer that the authorized employee who applied the device is not at the facility:

**1910.147(e)(3)(ii)**

Making all reasonable efforts to contact the authorized employee to inform him/her that his/her lockout or tagout device has been removed; and

**1910.147(e)(3)(iii)**

Ensuring that the authorized employee has this knowledge before he/she resumes work at that facility.

**1910.147(f)**

*Additional requirements*.

**[1910.147(f)(1)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(f)(1))**

*Testing or positioning of machines, equipment or components thereof*. In situations in which lockout or tagout devices must be temporarily removed from the energy isolating device and the machine or equipment energized to test or position the machine, equipment or component thereof, the following sequence of actions shall be followed:

**1910.147(f)(1)(i)**

Clear the machine or equipment of tools and materials in accordance with paragraph (e)(1) of this section;

**1910.147(f)(1)(ii)**

Remove employees from the machine or equipment area in accordance with paragraph (e)(2) of this section;

**1910.147(f)(1)(iii)**

Remove the lockout or tagout devices as specified in paragraph (e)(3) of this section;

**1910.147(f)(1)(iv)**

Energize and proceed with testing or positioning;

**1910.147(f)(1)(v)**

Deenergize all systems and reapply energy control measures in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section to continue the servicing and/or maintenance.

**1910.147(f)(2)**

*Outside personnel (contractors, etc.)*.

**[1910.147(f)(2)(i)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(f)(2)(i))**

Whenever outside servicing personnel are to be engaged in activities covered by the scope and application of this standard, the on-site employer and the outside employer shall inform each other of their respective lockout or tagout procedures.

**1910.147(f)(2)(ii)**

The on-site employer shall ensure that his/her employees understand and comply with the restrictions and prohibitions of the outside employer's energy control program.

**[1910.147(f)(3)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(f)(3))**

*Group lockout or tagout*.

**1910.147(f)(3)(i)**

When servicing and/or maintenance is performed by a crew, craft, department or other group, they shall utilize a procedure which affords the employees a level of protection equivalent to that provided by the implementation of a personal lockout or tagout device.

**[1910.147(f)(3)(ii)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0147&src_anchor_name=1910.147(f)(3)(ii))**

Group lockout or tagout devices shall be used in accordance with the procedures required by paragraph (c)(4) of this section including, but not necessarily limited to, the following specific requirements:

**1910.147(f)(3)(ii)(A)**

Primary responsibility is vested in an authorized employee for a set number of employees working under the protection of a group lockout or tagout device (such as an operations lock);

**1910.147(f)(3)(ii)(B)**

Provision for the authorized employee to ascertain the exposure status of individual group members with regard to the lockout or tagout of the machine or equipment and

**1910.147(f)(3)(ii)(C)**

When more than one crew, craft, department, etc. is involved, assignment of overall job-associated lockout or tagout control responsibility to an authorized employee designated to coordinate affected work forces and ensure continuity of protection; and

**1910.147(f)(3)(ii)(D)**

Each authorized employee shall affix a personal lockout or tagout device to the group lockout device, group lockbox, or comparable mechanism when he or she begins work, and shall remove those devices when he or she stops working on the machine or equipment being serviced or maintained.

**1910.147(f)(4)**

*Shift or personnel changes*. Specific procedures shall be utilized during shift or personnel changes to ensure the continuity of lockout or tagout protection, including provision for the orderly transfer of lockout or tagout device protection between off-going and oncoming employees, to minimize exposure to hazards from the unexpected energization or start-up of the machine or equipment, or the release of stored energy.

**APPENDIX D**

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| --- | --- |
| • Part Number: | 1910 |
| • Part Title: | Occupational Safety and Health Standards |
| • Subpart: | S |
| • Subpart Title: | Electrical |
| • Standard Number: | [1910.333](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0333&src_anchor_name=1910.333) |
| • Title: | Selection and use of work practices |
|  |  |
| • GPO Source: | [e-CFR](https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=65b279ee2e7530009034c1f152d451e5&tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title29/29tab_02.tpl) |

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**1910.333(a)**

"General." Safety-related work practices shall be employed to prevent electric shock or other injuries resulting from either direct or indirect electrical contacts, when work is performed near or on equipment or circuits which are or may be energized. The specific safety-related work practices shall be consistent with the nature and extent of the associated electrical hazards.

**[1910.333(a)(1)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0333&src_anchor_name=1910.333(a)(1))**

"Deenergized parts." Live parts to which an employee may be exposed shall be deenergized before the employee works on or near them, unless the employer can demonstrate that deenergizing introduces additional or increased hazards or is infeasible due to equipment design or operational limitations. Live parts that operate at less than 50 volts to ground need not be deenergized if there will be no increased exposure to electrical burns or to explosion due to electric arcs.

Note 1: Examples of increased or additional hazards include interruption of life support equipment, deactivation of emergency alarm systems, shutdown of hazardous location ventilation equipment, or removal of illumination for an area.

Note 2: Examples of work that may be performed on or near energized circuit parts because of infeasibility due to equipment design or operational limitations include testing of electric circuits that can only be performed with the circuit energized and work on circuits that form an integral part of a continuous industrial process in a chemical plant that would otherwise need to be completely shut down in order to permit work on one circuit or piece of equipment.

Note 3: Work on or near deenergized parts is covered by paragraph (b) of this section.

***..1910.333(a)(2)***

[**1910.333(a)(2)**](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0333&src_anchor_name=1910.333(a)(2))

"Energized parts." If the exposed live parts are not deenergized (i.e., for reasons of increased or additional hazards or infeasibility), other safety-related work practices shall be used to protect employees who may be exposed to the electrical hazards involved. Such work practices shall protect employees against contact with energized circuit parts directly with any part of their body or indirectly through some other conductive object. The work practices that are used shall be suitable for the conditions under which the work is to be performed and for the voltage level of the exposed electric conductors or circuit parts. Specific work practice requirements are detailed in paragraph (c) of this section.

**[1910.333(b)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0333&src_anchor_name=1910.333(b))**

"Working on or near exposed deenergized parts."

**[1910.333(b)(1)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0333&src_anchor_name=1910.333(b)(1))**

"Application." This paragraph applies to work on exposed deenergized parts or near enough to them to expose the employee to any electrical hazard they present. Conductors and parts of electric equipment that have been deenergized but have not been locked out or tagged in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section shall be treated as energized parts, and paragraph (c) of this section applies to work on or near them.

**[1910.333(b)(2)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0333&src_anchor_name=1910.333(b)(2))**

"Lockout and Tagging." While any employee is exposed to contact with parts of fixed electric equipment or circuits which have been deenergized, the circuits energizing the parts shall be locked out or tagged or both in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. The requirements shall be followed in the order in which they are presented (i.e., paragraph (b)(2)(i) first, then paragraph (b)(2)(ii), etc.).

Note 1: As used in this section, fixed equipment refers to equipment fastened in place or connected by permanent wiring methods.

Note 2: Lockout and tagging procedures that comply with paragraphs (c) through (f) of 1910.147 will also be deemed to comply with paragraph (b)(2) of this section provided that:

[1] The procedures address the electrical safety hazards covered by this Subpart; and

[2] The procedures also incorporate the requirements of paragraphs (b)(2)(iii)(D) and (b)(2)(iv)(B) of this section.

**1910.333(b)(2)(i)**

"Procedures." The employer shall maintain a written copy of the procedures outlined in paragraph (b)(2) and shall make it available for inspection by employees and by the Assistant Secretary of Labor and his or her authorized representatives.

Note: The written procedures may be in the form of a copy of paragraph (b) of this section.

***..1910.333(b)(2)(ii)***

**1910.333(b)(2)(ii)**

"Deenergizing equipment."

**1910.333(b)(2)(ii)(A)**

Safe procedures for deenergizing circuits and equipment shall be determined before circuits or equipment are deenergized.

**1910.333(b)(2)(ii)(B)**

The circuits and equipment to be worked on shall be disconnected from all electric energy sources. Control circuit devices, such as push buttons, selector switches, and interlocks, may not be used as the sole means for deenergizing circuits or equipment. Interlocks for electric equipment may not be used as a substitute for lockout and tagging procedures.

**1910.333(b)(2)(ii)(C)**

Stored electric energy which might endanger personnel shall be released. Capacitors shall be discharged and high capacitance elements shall be short-circuited and grounded, if the stored electric energy might endanger personnel.

Note: If the capacitors or associated equipment are handled in meeting this requirement, they shall be treated as energized.

**1910.333(b)(2)(ii)(D)**

Stored non-electrical energy in devices that could reenergize electric circuit parts shall be blocked or relieved to the extent that the circuit parts could not be accidentally energized by the device.

**1910.333(b)(2)(iii)**

"Application of locks and tags."

**1910.333(b)(2)(iii)(A)**

A lock and a tag shall be placed on each disconnecting means used to deenergize circuits and equipment on which work is to be performed, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(2)(iii)(C) and (b)(2)(iii)(E) of this section. The lock shall be attached so as to prevent persons from operating the disconnecting means unless they resort to undue force or the use of tools.

***..1910.333(b)(2)(iii)(B)***

**1910.333(b)(2)(iii)(B)**

Each tag shall contain a statement prohibiting unauthorized operation of the disconnecting means and removal of the tag.

**1910.333(b)(2)(iii)(C)**

If a lock cannot be applied, or if the employer can demonstrate that tagging procedures will provide a level of safety equivalent to that obtained by the use of a lock, a tag may be used without a lock.

**1910.333(b)(2)(iii)(D)**

A tag used without a lock, as permitted by paragraph (b)(2)(iii)(C) of this section, shall be supplemented by at least one additional safety measure that provides a level of safety equivalent to that obtained by use of a lock. Examples of additional safety measures include the removal of an isolating circuit element, blocking of a controlling switch, or opening of an extra disconnecting device.

**[1910.333(b)(2)(iii)(E)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0333&src_anchor_name=1910.333(b)(2)(iii)(E))**

A lock may be placed without a tag only under the following conditions:

**1910.333(b)(2)(iii)(E)(1)**

Only one circuit or piece of equipment is deenergized, and

**1910.333(b)(2)(iii)(E)(2)**

The lockout period does not extend beyond the work shift, and

**1910.333(b)(2)(iii)(E)(3)**

Employees exposed to the hazards associated with reenergizing the circuit or equipment are familiar with this procedure.

***..1910.333(b)(2)(iv)***

**1910.333(b)(2)(iv)**

Verification of deenergized condition. The requirements of this paragraph shall be met before any circuits or equipment can be considered and worked as deenergized.

**1910.333(b)(2)(iv)(A)**

A qualified person shall operate the equipment operating controls or otherwise verify that the equipment cannot be restarted.

**1910.333(b)(2)(iv)(B)**

A qualified person shall use test equipment to test the circuit elements and electrical parts of equipment to which employees will be exposed and shall verify that the circuit elements and equipment parts are deenergized. The test shall also determine if any energized condition exists as a result of inadvertently induced voltage or unrelated voltage backfeed even though specific parts of the circuit have been deenergized and presumed to be safe. If the circuit to be tested is over 600 volts, nominal, the test equipment shall be checked for proper operation immediately after this test.

**1910.333(b)(2)(v)**

"Reenergizing equipment." These requirements shall be met, in the order given, before circuits or equipment are reenergized, even temporarily.

**1910.333(b)(2)(v)(A)**

A qualified person shall conduct tests and visual inspections, as necessary, to verify that all tools, electrical jumpers, shorts, grounds, and other such devices have been removed, so that the circuits and equipment can be safely energized.

***..1910.333(b)(2)(v)(B)***

**1910.333(b)(2)(v)(B)**

Employees exposed to the hazards associated with reenergizing the circuit or equipment shall be warned to stay clear of circuits and equipment.

**[1910.333(b)(2)(v)(C)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0333&src_anchor_name=1910.333(b)(2)(v)(C))**

Each lock and tag shall be removed by the employee who applied it or under his or her direct supervision. However, if this employee is absent from the workplace, then the lock or tag may be removed by a qualified person designated to perform this task provided that:

**1910.333(b)(2)(v)(C)(1)**

The employer ensures that the employee who applied the lock or tag is not available at the workplace, and

**1910.333(b)(2)(v)(C)(2)**

The employer ensures that the employee is aware that the lock or tag has been removed before he or she resumes work at that workplace.

**1910.333(b)(2)(v)(D)**

There shall be a visual determination that all employees are clear of the circuits and equipment.

**1910.333(c)**

"Working on or near exposed energized parts."

**1910.333(c)(1)**

"Application." This paragraph applies to work performed on exposed live parts (involving either direct contact or by means of tools or materials) or near enough to them for employees to be exposed to any hazard they present.

***..1910.333(c)(2)***

[**1910.333(c)(2)**](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0333&src_anchor_name=1910.333(c)(2))

"Work on energized equipment." Only qualified persons may work on electric circuit parts or equipment that have not been deenergized under the procedures of paragraph (b) of this section. Such persons shall be capable of working safely on energized circuits and shall be familiar with the proper use of special precautionary techniques, personal protective equipment, insulating and shielding materials, and insulated tools.

**1910.333(c)(3)**

"Overhead lines." if work is to be performed near overhead lines, the lines shall be deenergized and grounded, or other protective measures shall be provided before work is started. If the lines are to be deenergized, arrangements shall be made with the person or organization that operates or controls the electric circuits involved to deenergize and ground them. If protective measures, such as guarding, isolating, or insulating, are provided, these precautions shall prevent employees from contacting such lines directly with any part of their body or indirectly through conductive materials, tools, or equipment.

Note: The work practices used by qualified persons installing insulating devices on overhead power transmission or distribution lines are covered by 1910.269 of this Part, not by 1910.332 through 1910.335 of this Part. Under paragraph (c)(2) of this section, unqualified persons are prohibited from performing this type of work.

**1910.333(c)(3)(i)**

"Unqualified persons."

**1910.333(c)(3)(i)(A)**

When an unqualified person is working in an elevated position near overhead lines, the location shall be such that the person and the longest conductive object he or she may contact cannot come closer to any unguarded, energized overhead line than the following distances:

**1910.333(c)(3)(i)(A)(1)**

For voltages to ground 50kV or below - 10 feet (305 cm);

**1910.333(c)(3)(i)(A)(2)**

For voltages to ground over 50kV - 10 feet (305 cm) plus 4 inches (10 cm) for every 10kV over 50kV.

***..1910.333(c)(3)(i)(B)***

**1910.333(c)(3)(i)(B)**

When an unqualified person is working on the ground in the vicinity of overhead lines, the person may not bring any conductive object closer to unguarded, energized overhead lines than the distances given in paragraph (c)(3)(i)(A) of this section.

Note: For voltages normally encountered with overhead power line, objects which do not have an insulating rating for the voltage involved are considered to be conductive.

**[1910.333(c)(3)(ii)](https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owalink.query_links?src_doc_type=STANDARDS&src_unique_file=1910_0333&src_anchor_name=1910.333(c)(3)(ii))**

"Qualified persons." When a qualified person is working in the vicinity of overhead lines, whether in an elevated position or on the ground, the person may not approach or take any conductive object without an approved insulating handle closer to exposed energized parts than shown in Table S-5 unless:

**1910.333(c)(3)(ii)(A)**

The person is insulated from the energized part (gloves, with sleeves if necessary, rated for the voltage involved are considered to be insulation of the person from the energized part on which work is performed), or

**1910.333(c)(3)(ii)(B)**

The energized part is insulated both from all other conductive objects at a different potential and from the person, or

**1910.333(c)(3)(ii)(C)**

The person is insulated from all conductive objects at a potential different from that of the energized part.

TABLE S-5 - APPROACH DISTANCES FOR QUALIFIED

EMPLOYEES - ALTERNATING CURRENT

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

|

Voltage range (phase to phase) | Minimum approach distance

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_|\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

|

300V and less ....................| Avoid Contact

Over 300V, not over 750V .........| 1 ft. 0 in. (30.5 cm).

Over 750V, not over 2kV ..........| 1 ft. 6 in. (46 cm).

Over 2kV, not over 15kV ..........| 2 ft. 0 in. (61 cm).

Over 15kV, not over 37kV .........| 3 ft. 0 in. (91 cm).

Over 37kV, not over 87.5kV .......| 3 ft. 6 in. (107 cm).

Over 87.5kV, not over 121kV ......| 4 ft. 0 in. (122 cm).

Over 121kV, not over 140kV .......| 4 ft. 6 in. (137 cm).

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***..1910.333(c)(3)(iii)***

**1910.333(c)(3)(iii)**

"Vehicular and mechanical equipment."

**1910.333(c)(3)(iii)(A)**

Any vehicle or mechanical equipment capable of having parts of its structure elevated near energized overhead lines shall be operated so that a clearance of 10 ft. (305 cm) is maintained. If the voltage is higher than 50kV, the clearance shall be increased 4 in. (10 cm) for every 10kV over that voltage. However, under any of the following conditions, the clearance may be reduced:

**1910.333(c)(3)(iii)(A)(1)**

If the vehicle is in transit with its structure lowered, the clearance may be reduced to 4 ft. (122 cm). If the voltage is higher than 50kV, the clearance shall be increased 4 in. (10 cm) for every 10 kV over that voltage.

**1910.333(c)(3)(iii)(A)(2)**

If insulating barriers are installed to prevent contact with the lines, and if the barriers are rated for the voltage of the line being guarded and are not a part of or an attachment to the vehicle or its raised structure, the clearance may be reduced to a distance within the designed working dimensions of the insulating barrier.

**1910.333(c)(3)(iii)(A)(3)**

If the equipment is an aerial lift insulated for the voltage involved, and if the work is performed by a qualified person, the clearance (between the uninsulated portion of the aerial lift and the power line) may be reduced to the distance given in Table S-5.

**1910.333(c)(3)(iii)(B)**

Employees standing on the ground may not contact the vehicle or mechanical equipment or any of its attachments, unless:

**1910.333(c)(3)(iii)(B)(1)**

The employee is using protective equipment rated for the voltage; or

***..1910.333(c)(3)(iii)(B)(2)***

**1910.333(c)(3)(iii)(B)(2)**

The equipment is located so that no uninsulated part of its structure (that portion of the structure that provides a conductive path to employees on the ground) can come closer to the line than permitted in paragraph (c)(3)(iii) of this section.

**1910.333(c)(3)(iii)(C)**

If any vehicle or mechanical equipment capable of having parts of its structure elevated near energized overhead lines is intentionally grounded, employees working on the ground near the point of grounding may not stand at the grounding location whenever there is a possibility of overhead line contact. Additional precautions, such as the use of barricades or insulation, shall be taken to protect employees from hazardous ground potentials, depending on earth resistivity and fault currents, which can develop within the first few feet or more outward from the grounding point.

**1910.333(c)(4)**

"Illumination."

**1910.333(c)(4)(i)**

Employees may not enter spaces containing exposed energized parts, unless illumination is provided that enables the employees to perform the work safely.

**1910.333(c)(4)(ii)**

Where lack of illumination or an obstruction precludes observation of the work to be performed, employees may not perform tasks near exposed energized parts. Employees may not reach blindly into areas which may contain energized parts.

***..1910.333(c)(5)***

**1910.333(c)(5)**

"Confined or enclosed work spaces." When an employee works in a confined or enclosed space (such as a manhole or vault) that contains exposed energized parts, the employer shall provide, and the employee shall use, protective shields, protective barriers, or insulating materials as necessary to avoid inadvertent contact with these parts. Doors, hinged panels, and the like shall be secured to prevent their swinging into an employee and causing the employee to contact exposed energized parts.

**1910.333(c)(6)**

"Conductive materials and equipment." Conductive materials and equipment that are in contact with any part of an employee's body shall be handled in a manner that will prevent them from contacting exposed energized conductors or circuit parts. If an employee must handle long dimensional conductive objects (such as ducts and pipes) in areas with exposed live parts, the employer shall institute work practices (such as the use of insulation, guarding, and material handling techniques) which will minimize the hazard.

**1910.333(c)(7)**

"Portable ladders." Portable ladders shall have nonconductive siderails if they are used where the employee or the ladder could contact exposed energized parts.

**1910.333(c)(8)**

"Conductive apparel." Conductive articles of jewelry and clothing (such a watch bands, bracelets, rings, key chains, necklaces, metalized aprons, cloth with conductive thread, or metal headgear) may not be worn if they might contact exposed energized parts. However, such articles may be worn if they are rendered nonconductive by covering, wrapping, or other insulating means.

***..1910.333(c)(9)***

**1910.333(c)(9)**

"Housekeeping duties." Where live parts present an electrical contact hazard, employees may not perform housekeeping duties at such close distances to the parts that there is a possibility of contact, unless adequate safeguards (such as insulating equipment or barriers) are provided. Electrically conductive cleaning materials (including conductive solids such as steel wool, metalized cloth, and silicon carbide, as well as conductive liquid solutions) may not be used in proximity to energized parts unless procedures are followed which will prevent electrical contact.

**1910.333(c)(10)**

"Interlocks." Only a qualified person following the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section may defeat an electrical safety interlock, and then only temporarily while he or she is working on the equipment. The interlock system shall be returned to its operable condition when this work is completed.

[55 FR 32016, Aug. 6, 1990; 55 FR 42053, Nov. 1, 1990; as amended at 59 FR 4476, Jan. 31, 1994]